

## Rural Utilities Service, USDA

## § 1779.2

guarantee for the construction or improvement of water and waste projects serving the financially needy communities in rural areas. This purpose is achieved through bolstering the existing private credit structure through the guarantee of quality loans which will provide lasting benefits.

### § 1779.2 Definitions.

The following general definitions are applicable to the terms used in this part:

*Agency.* The Rural Utilities Service which is within the Rural Development mission area of the United States Department of Agriculture or its successor agencies with authority delegated by the Secretary of Agriculture to administer the Water and Waste Disposal Programs.

*Application.* An Agency prescribed form to request an Agency guarantee (available in any Agency office).

*Arm's length transaction.* The sale, release, or disposition of assets in which the title to the property passes to a ready, willing, and able third party who is not affiliated with, or related to, and has no security, monetary, or stockholder interest in the borrower or transferor at the time of the transaction.

*Assignment Guarantee Agreement.* The signed agreement among the Agency, the lender, and the holder setting forth the terms and conditions of an assignment of the guaranteed portion of a loan or any part thereof (available in any Agency office).

*Borrower.* The entity that borrows money from the lender.

*Collateral.* Property pledged to secure the guaranteed loan.

*Conditional Commitment for Guarantee.* The Agency's written statement to the lender that the material submitted is approved subject to the completion of all conditions and requirements contained in the commitment (available in any Agency office).

*Guaranteed loan.* A loan made and serviced by a lender for which the Agency and lender have entered into a Lender's Agreement and for which the Agency has issued a Loan Note Guarantee.

*Holder.* The person or entity (other than the lender) who holds all or a part

of the guaranteed portion of the loan with no servicing responsibilities. When the lender assigns part or all of the guaranteed portion of the loan to an assignee, the assignee becomes a holder when the Assignment Guarantee Agreement is signed by all parties.

*Immediate family.* Individuals who are closely related by blood or by marriage, or within the same household, such as a spouse, parent, child, brother, sister, aunt, uncle, grandparent, grandchild, niece, or nephew.

*In-house expenses.* In-house expenses include, but are not limited to, employees' salaries, retainers being paid to lawyers, travel, and overhead.

*Insurance.* Fire, windstorm, lightning, hail, explosion, riot, civil commotion, aircraft, vehicles, smoke, builder's risk, liability, property damage, flood or mudslide, worker's compensation, fidelity bond, malpractice, or any similar insurance that is available and needed to protect the security or that is required by law.

*Joint financing.* Two or more lenders (or any combination of lenders and other financial sources) making separate relatively contemporaneous loans or grants to supply the funds required by one borrower. For example, such joint financing may consist of the Agency's financial assistance with the Economic Development Administration, Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), or other Federal and State agencies, and private and quasi-public financial institutions.

*Lender.* The person or organization making and responsible for servicing the loan. The lender is also referred to in this part as the applicant who is requesting a guarantee during the preapplication and application stage of processing.

*Lender's Agreement.* The signed agreement between the Agency and the lender containing the lender's responsibilities when the Loan Note Guarantee is issued (available in any Agency office).

*Loan Note Guarantee.* The signed commitment issued by the Agency containing the terms and conditions of the guarantee of an identified loan (available in any Agency office).

*Market value.* The amount for which property would sell for its highest and

best use at a voluntary sale in an arm's length transaction.

*Note.* An evidence of debt. In those instances where the Agency guarantees a bond issue, "note" shall also be construed to include a bond or other evidence of indebtedness, as appropriate.

*Participation.* Sale of an interest in a loan in which the lender retains the note, collateral securing the note, and all responsibility for loan servicing and liquidation.

*Principals of borrowers.* The owners, officers, directors, entities, and supervisors directly involved in the operation and management of the borrower.

*Protective advances.* Advances made by the lender for the purpose of preserving and protecting the collateral where the debtor has failed to, and will not or cannot, meet obligations to protect or preserve collateral.

*Report of loss.* An Agency form used by lenders when reporting a loss under an Agency guarantee (available in any Agency office).

*Rural and rural area.* Any area not in a city or town with a population in excess of 10,000 inhabitants, according to the latest decennial census of the United States

*Service area.* The area reasonably expected to be served by the project being financed by the guaranteed loan.

*State.* Any of the 50 States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States, Guam, American Samoa, Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Republic of Palau, and the Federated States of Micronesia.

*State Bond Banks and State Bond Pools.* An entity authorized by the State to issue State debt instruments and utilize the funds received to finance the construction or improvement of drinking water or waste disposal facilities.

*State Director.* The Rural Development State Director or the staff member who has been delegated authority to perform action on behalf of the State Director.

*Substantive change.* Any change in the purpose of the loan or any change in the financial condition of the borrower or the collateral which would jeopardize the performance of the loan.

*Transfer and assumption.* The conveyance by a debtor to an assuming party of the assets, collateral, and liabilities of the loan in return for the assuming party's binding promise to pay the outstanding debt.

*Waste disposal.* Sanitary sewer (treatment and collection), solid waste, and storm drainage facilities.

*WW.* An acronym for Water and Waste Disposal.

**§ 1779.3 Full faith and credit.**

The Loan Note Guarantee constitutes an obligation supported by the full faith and credit of the United States and is not contestable except for fraud or misrepresentation (including negligent misrepresentation) of which the lender or holder has actual knowledge, participates in, or condones. A note which provides for the payment of interest on interest shall not be guaranteed and any Loan Note Guarantee or Assignment Guarantee Agreement attached to, or relating to, a note which provides for payment of interest on interest is void. The Loan Note Guarantee will not be enforceable by the lender to the extent any loss is occasioned by violation of usury laws, negligent servicing, or failure to obtain the required security regardless of the time at which the Agency acquires knowledge of the foregoing. Any losses occasioned will not be enforceable by the lender to the extent that loan funds are used for purposes other than those specifically approved by the Agency in its Conditional Commitment for Guarantee. Negligent servicing is defined as the failure to perform those services which a reasonably prudent lender would perform in servicing its own portfolio of loans that are not guaranteed. The term includes not only the concept of a failure to act, but also not acting in a timely manner, acting in a manner contrary to the manner in which a reasonably prudent lender would act up to the time of loan maturity, or until a final loss is paid. The Loan Note Guarantee or Assignment Guarantee Agreement in the hands of a holder shall not cover interest accruing 90 days after the holder has demanded repurchase by the lender, nor shall the Loan Note Guarantee or Assignment Guarantee Agreement in the hands of a